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Mechanisms of atrial fibrillation terminations in humans: insights from non-invasive cardiac mapping

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DISCLOSURE

I have nothing to declare

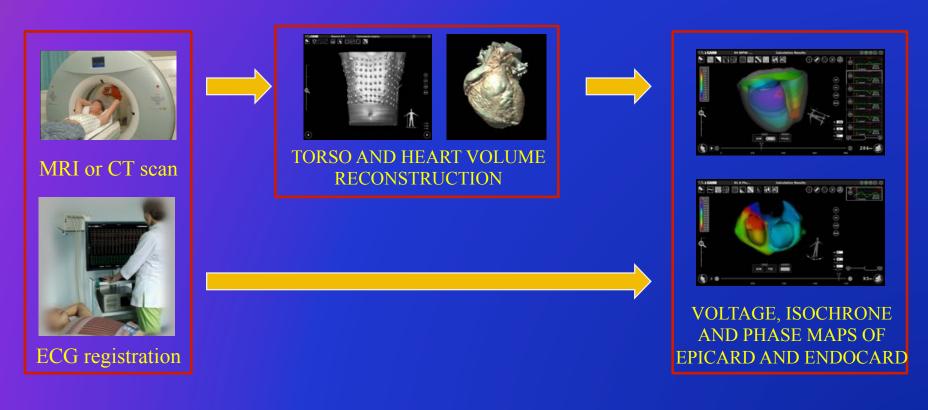
Epidemiology and clinical significance of atrial fibrillation

- Atrial fibrillation is the most common sustained cardiac arrhythmia (approximately
 - 8 millions adults over 55 years had AFib in 2010)
- AFib is associated with an increased risk of mortality and morbidity due to thromboembolism and heart failure (AFib is the most common factor in the stroke in the elderly)

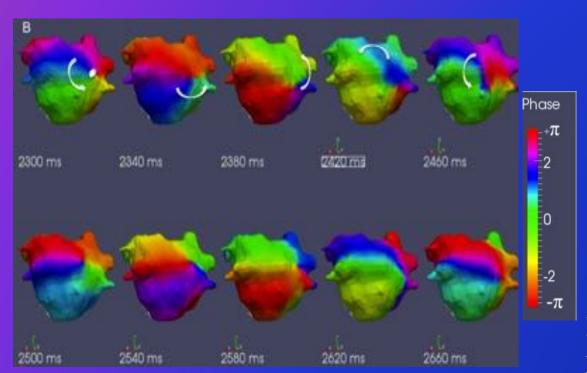


What is Noninvasive ECG Imaging?

Noninvasive ECGI is the technology of numerical reconstruction and visualization of the electrical heart activity based on the ECG data measured on the body surface



Noninvasive Phase Mapping



Rotors visualization using phase mapping.

Haissaguerre M, Hocini M, Shah AJ, Derval N, Sacher F, Jais P, Dubois R. Noninvasive Panoramic Mapping of Human Atrial Fibrillation mechanisms: A Feasibility report. J. Cardiovasc. Electrophysiol. 2013. 24(6): 711-7.

Objective



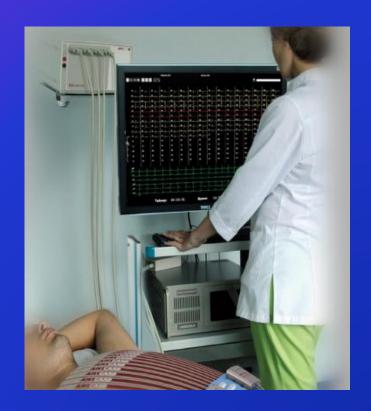
To investigate the process of atrial fibrillation induction and termination in humans

Patient characteristics

	Patient 1	Patient 2	Patient 3	Patient 4	Patient 5
Age	52	50	47	46	70
Gender	female	male	male	male	female
Type of AFib	paroxysmal	paroxysmal	paroxysmal	paroxysmal	paroxysmal
LA diameter (mm)	42	44	40	38	41
EF LV (%)	>55	>55	>55	>55	>55
Spontaneous initiation of AFib	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Termination of AFib	Propafenone (1mg/kg)	spontaneous	spontaneous	spontaneous	Propafenone (1mg/kg)

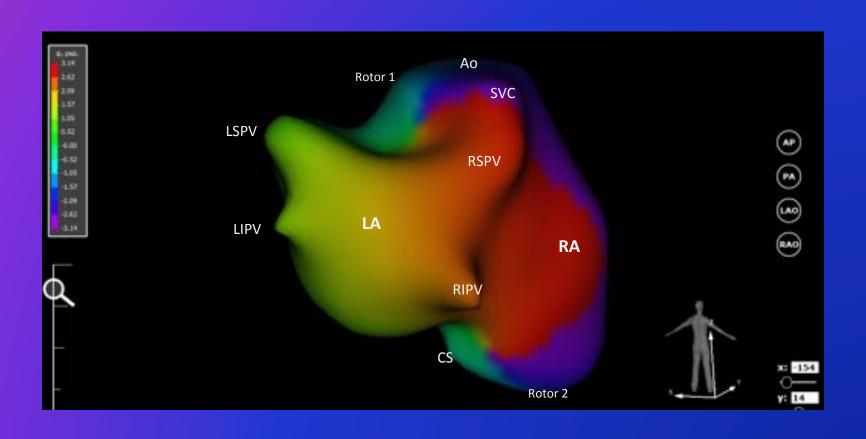
Mapping system



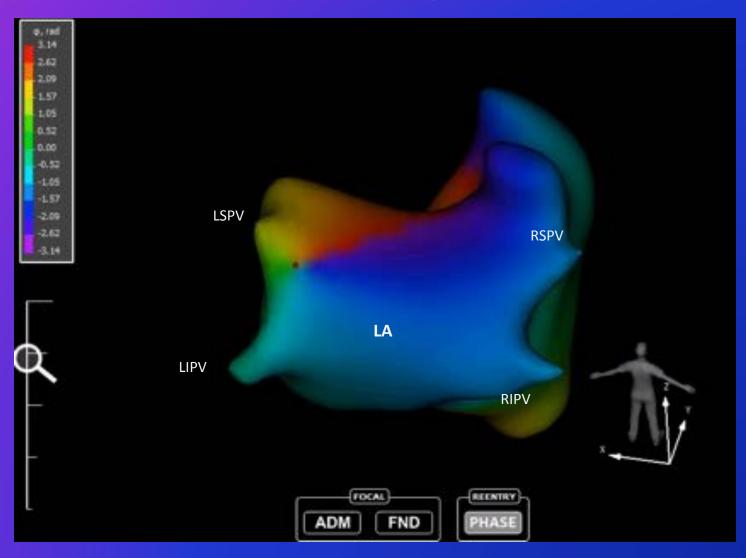


Noninvasive endocardial end epicardial mapping system «AMYCARD 01C» by EP SOLUTIONS SA, Switzerland

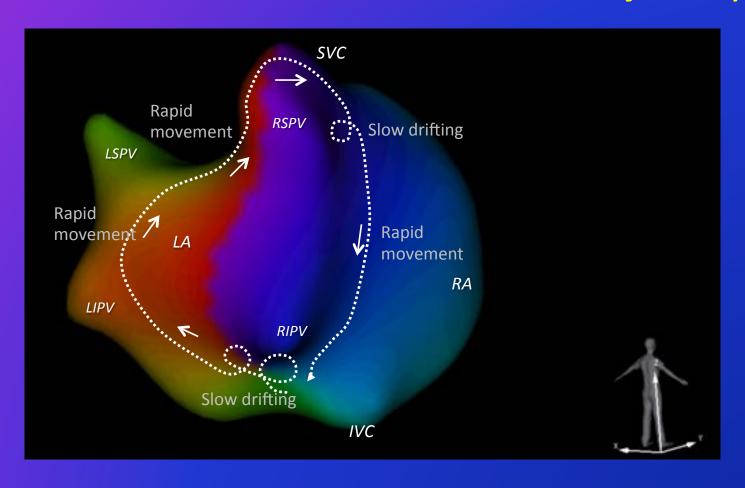
Typical phase maps during atrial fibrillation



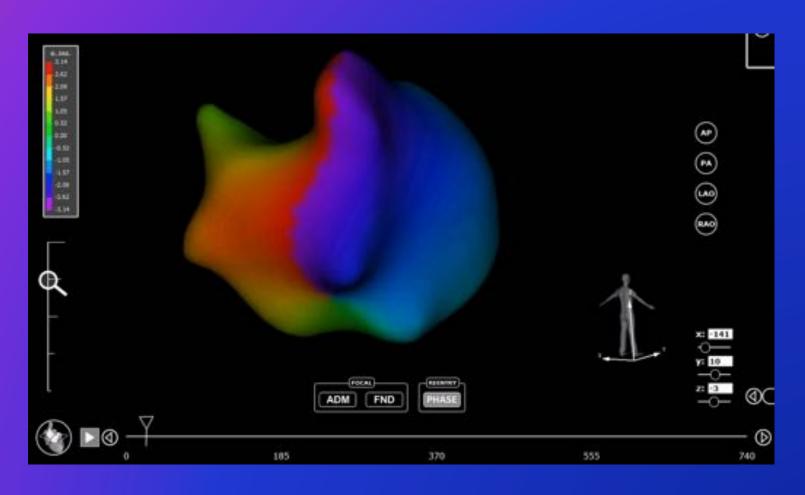
Typical phase maps during atrial fibrillation



CW rotor movement: Dominant trajectory



CW rotor movement: Dominant trajectory



ATRIAL FIBRILLATION INDUCTION

Baseline Patient Characteristics: AFib induction and termination Study

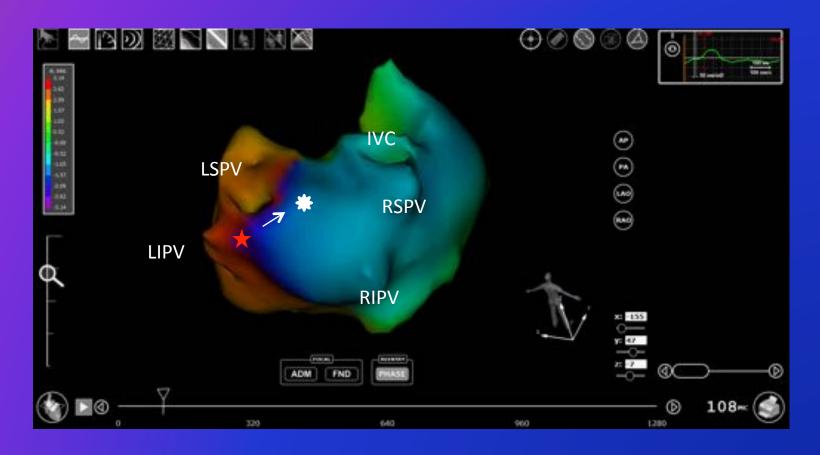
	Patient 1	Patient 2	Patient 3	Patient 4	Patient 5
Spontaneous initiation of AFib	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Spontaneous termination of AFib	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
The mechanism of induction	LIPV			RSPV	

Ectopical activity in LIPV triggered AFib



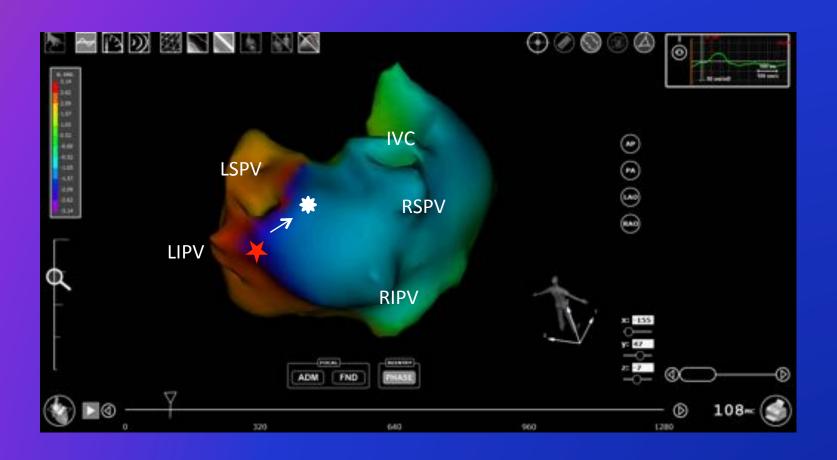
Red arrow indicates the PAC

Ectopical activity in LIPV triggered AFib



the red star- ectopic focus
the white star- the emergence of the rotor

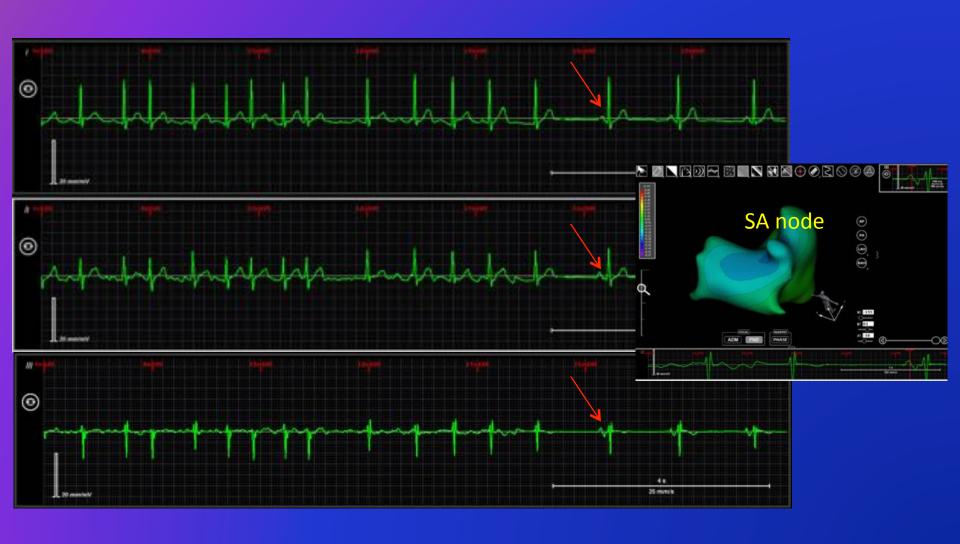
Ectopical activity in LIPV triggered AFib

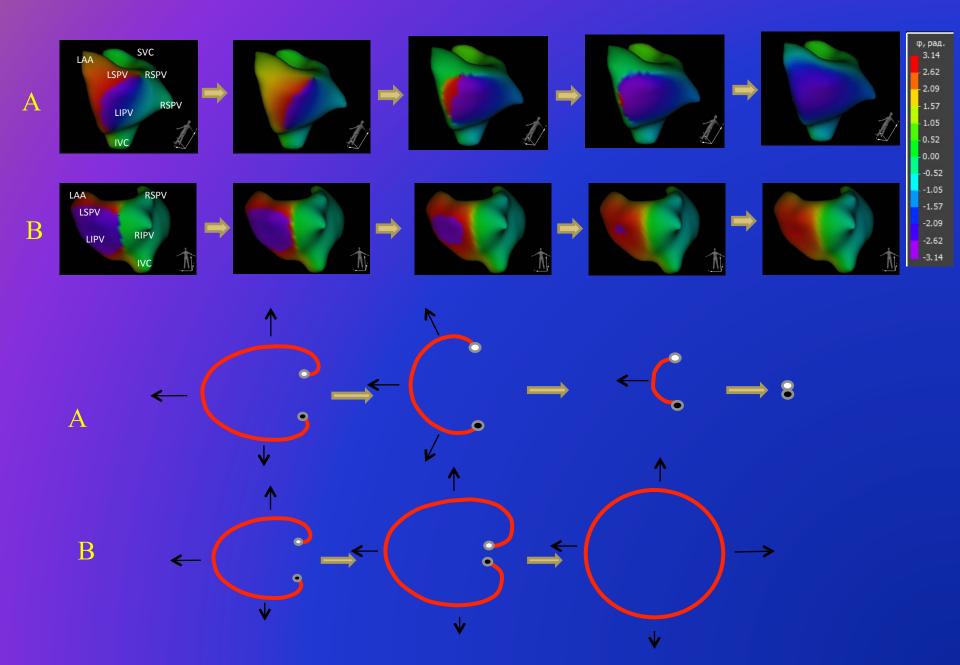


TERMINATION OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION

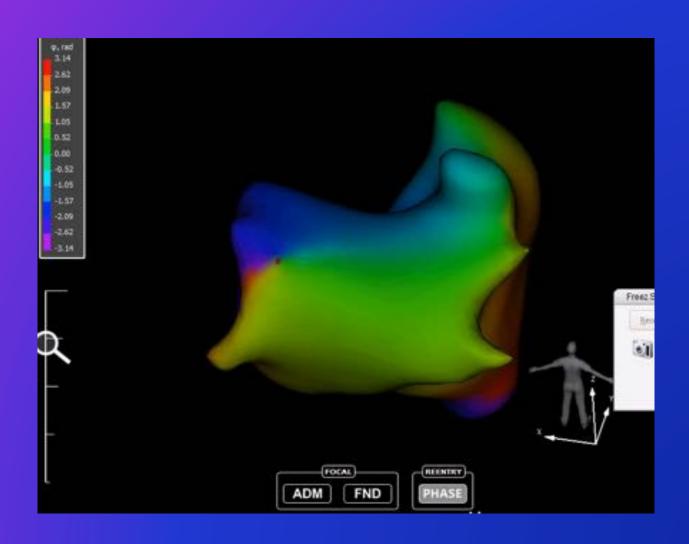
Spontaneous atrial fibrillation termination

Termination of atrial fibrillation

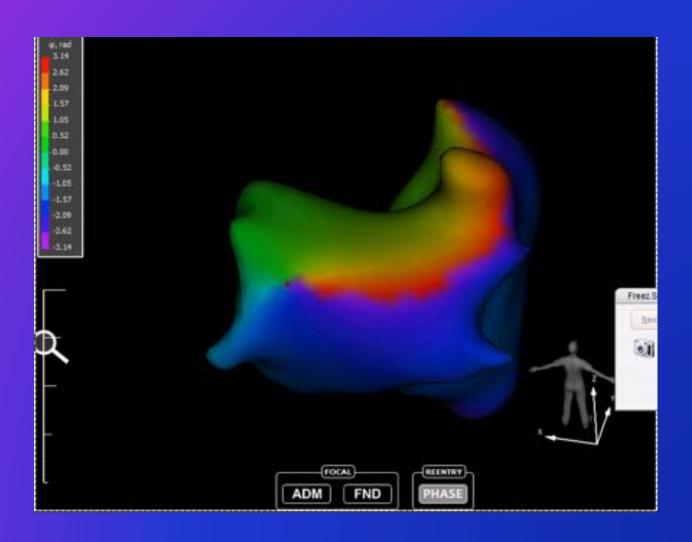




Event A



Event B

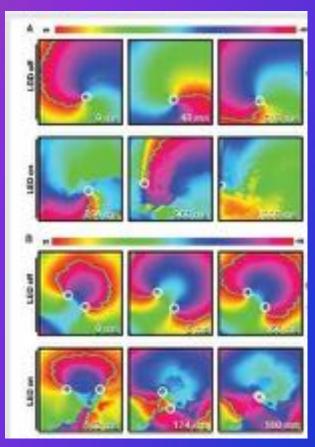


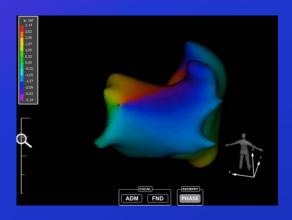
Pharmacological cardioversion

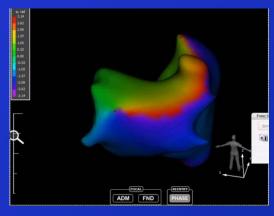
Estimated parameters (on baseline condition and under propafenone administration)

- Rotors stability (score of rotation)
- Rotors cycle length
- Rotors meandering area square
- Number of events PhS collision (A and B type)
- The type of the final event, which led to sinus rhythm recovery

Termination of atrial fibrillation in vitro







Brian O. Bingen, Marc C. Engels, Martin J. Schalij, Wanchana Jangsangthong, Zeinab Neshati, Iolanda Feola, Dirk L. Ypey, Said F.A. Askar, Alexander V. Panfilov, Daniel A. Pijnappels, and Antoine A. F. de Vries. Light-induced termination of spiral wave arrhythmias by optogenic engineering of atrial cardiomyocytes. Cardiovascular Research 2014; 104: 194 – 205.

Conclusions

- Mutual annihilation of rotors with opposite direction of rotation is the basic mechanism of spontaneous and propafenone-induced AFib termination
- The most of rotors annihilation events didn't lead to AFib termination, because the second re-entrant wave could be a cause of AFib maintenance
- AFib termination is a stochastic process. The probability of AFib termination depends on rotors collision probability and a random number of co-exited reentrant waves
- It is difficult to explain drug-induced AFib termination using the conception of wave length (i.e. conduction velocity and refractory period duration)
- The influence of drug-induced changes of myocardial cellular EP properties on a complex and stochastic mechanism of AFib termination required further investigations

Thank you very much for attention!